

Keys Blackbead Pithecellobium keyense

Beautiful Blackbead, how we love you!

Let us count the many reasons we love Blackbead. The website <u>Natives in</u> <u>Your Neighborhood</u> says that Blackbead:

- Is a Threatened species that we should grow just to help out Mother Nature.
- Provides food and cover for wildlife.
- Larval host plant for cassius blue (Leptotes cassius theonus), large orange sulphur (Phoebis agarithe), and Miami blue (Cyclargus thomasi bethunebakeri) butterflies.
- Nectar plant for cassius blue, Florida duskywing (Ephyriades brunneus), Florida white (Appias drusilla), giant swallowtail (Papilio cresphontes), great southern white (Ascia monuste), hammock skipper (Polygonus leo), large orange sulphur, mangrove skipper (Phocides pigmalion), Miami blue, Palatka skipper (Euphyes pilatka), southern broken-dash (Wallengrenia otho), three-spotted skipper (Cymaenes tripunctus), twin-spot skipper (Oligorio maculata) and other butterflies.
- Birds eat the brightly-colored arils.

A **host plant** for butterflies is the specific plant species on which the butterfly's caterpillars (larval stage) feed and develop. **Nectar plants** are those that provide nectar, a sweet, sugar-rich liquid, that adult butterflies consume for energy. While host plants are crucial for caterpillar survival, nectar plants are essential for the adult butterfly's food source and long-term survival.

A perfect reason to grow blackbead in your yard.







All About Growing Blackbead

- Shrub can grow to up to 10-15 ft, but can be kept to 6-10 ft tall with occasional pruning for size and fullness.
- White/orange/pink very fragrant and showy flowers that bloom profusely in late fall through spring.
- Recommended as a screen or hedge plant or informal foundation shrub.
- Fruits are contorted and split open to reveal red seeds, which birds love.
- Can grow in full sun or part shade.
- Propagation typically via seed (soak overnight in water and then clean before planting). Look for seeds now in nature.
- Easy-to-care-for plant tolerates drought and occasional/brief saltwater inundation as with storm surges.
- Tolerates our high pH soils, lime rock, sand.
- · Deer and iguanas ignore it.











At left, cleaning of the blackbead seeds after soaking, in readiness for planting. Taken from the **Seasons** project book by members Kitty Somerville, Lynne Bentley-Kemp, Mary LaDue and Deb Crowley.

If you would like to borrow the book to learn how to propagate this plant and others, please contact Kitty directly.

Blackbead can readily be propagated in this way, or purchased from native plant nurseries.

Photos and research credits: Kitty Somerville, Univ of FL IFAS, Christa Varacalli, IRC Natives for your Neighborhood, FL Wildflower Foundation

Smart Watering Tips -Florida-Friendly Tip #2: Water Efficiently



According to the University of Florida (IFAS), watering landscape plants deeply once or twice a week in the summer is usually enough, with each watering session delivering about 3/4-inch of water.

- Best times are early morning before 10 a.m., and early evening after 4 p.m. Watering in the hot sun will evaporate the water (wasting it) and sometimes even cause leaf burn -- and "gardener burn" for us as well!
- If you water in the evening, make sure the leaves have enough time to dry before dark, or you will invite fungal issues.
- Remember, you are watering the roots, not the leaves.
- Don't forget the importance of mulch to keep moisture in and heat out.
- Remember to check the heat level of the water in the hose it is as likely to burn you as to cook those precious plants.

Here at the Garden Club, we always make sure to water with a gentle rainlike spray, NEVER a needle-point jet or full-hose delivery. Yes, it is hot outside, and walking over to that far-away plant is tedious, but your plant wants rain, not a planting hole gouged by water at full speed, disrupting its roots and its happy zen flow. Happy plants, happy gardener!







Our favorite hose-end water sprayer - Eight sprays on one small device!

Melnor Thumb Control 8-Pattern Nozzle

https://blogs.ifas.ufl.edu/putnamco/2024/06/20/smart-water-saving-tips/